

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30th.
Forecast for Tuesday: Virg. nia—Light snow, followed by fair; col-
brisk West to Northwest winds, much
colder Tuesday night.
North Carolina—Rain, followed by
in western portion; colder in
western portion; fair and much colder
Tuesday night; fresh variable winds,
becoming northwesterly and increasing.

WEATHER.
Increasing cloudiness; light variable
winds; stationary temperature.

CALENDAR.
Sun rises, 7:08 a. m.; sets, 5:30 p. m.

TIDES.
Norfolk: High water, 11:46 a. m., 12
p. m. Low water, 5:46 a. m., 6:10 p. m.
Old Point: High water, 11:25 a. m.,
11:39 p. m. Low water, 5:25 a. m., 5:49
p. m.

METEOROLOGICAL DATA.
January 30, 1899.
Maximum temperature, 48
Minimum temperature, 28
Normal temperature, minus 2
Departure from normal, 40
Departure since Jan. 1st, plus 44
Rainfall in past 24 hours, 0
Rainfall since 1st of month, 2.66
Mean humidity, 74

DIED.
COTTON.—At the residence, No. 226
Peachtree street, Monday, January 30th,
1899, at 8:50 o'clock a. m., MARY EVI-
LYN, widow of the late Wm. Henry Cor-
ton, and daughter of Thomas and Mary
Moran, aged 36 years.
The funeral will take place from St.
Mary's Catholic Church, TO-MORROW
(Wednesday) MORNING at 10 o'clock.
Friends of the family are invited to at-
tend.

Monuments and Gravestones.
The selection of a suitable
memorial in marble or granite
can be made from our stock, for we carry the
largest assortment of finished
designs in the South.
THE COOPER MARBLE WORKS
(Established 50 Years.)
159-163 Hanover St. Norfolk, Va.

AMUSEMENTS.

VAN WYCK'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC
—Last Performance—
—TO-NIGHT AT 8:15—

KELSEY SHANNON COMPANY,
Presenting Clyde Fitch's great play
THE MOTH AND THE FLAME.
—Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c, and 25c. It

VAN WYCK'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, 1899.
Klaw & Erlanger and B. D. Stevens
Present.

**SOUSA'S GREATEST
COMIC OPERA,
THE BRIDE ELECT.**
Sale of seats commences Monday.
—Prices—Entire lower floor, \$1.50, entire
balcony, \$1.00. ja25-6t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6th, 1899.
"First appearance in Norfolk"

"Virginia Troubadours,"

THE LAMBERT PROPRIETOR.
MESSRS. ROOKS AND POOLE,
the well-known singers, have gathered a
company of local merry makers and cake
walkers, which they will introduce to
the amusement loving public of Norfolk
and vicinity on MONDAY, February 6th,
at the Academy of Music.
The first part of the entertainment will
present: An Old Time Plantation Scene,
replete with Southern Melodies,
Chorus, Buck, Wing and Grottoque
Dance, full of refreshments so dear to
the Southern heart.
A few of the features will be: "The
Black Annie Dance," a dialogue between
"Chubby" and "Steamboat Kelly," "A
Song and Dance by the celebrated Big
Four," "The Famous Vaudeville
Comedy Four," "Lionel's Excelsior quartette,"
by Norfolk's well-known descrip-
tive tenor FAY ROOKS and the un-
doubtable FRANK POOLE, in rag time con-
sists.

Following the Olio, the performance
will conclude with "PATRIOTIC
CAKE WALK," led by Jim Grant,
Steamboat Kelly, Frank Poole, Eli
Perkins, Little Ed, Fanny Tom, and others
of equal talent.
P. S. We challenge any so-called cake
walkers from Richmond or other places
to engage in a competitive walk for one
hundred dollars at the Academy of Music.
POOLE, ROOKS, Amusement D.
rectors. Special Matinee for ladies and
children at 2:30 p. m. Monday Evening,
at 8:30 p. m., at 10 o'clock, 1899. Popular
price, 5c. Academy of Music.
ja25-su-tu-th-su

AUDITORIUM THEATRE.

S. E. Cor. Nebraska and Union Sts.
JAMES M. BARTON, Proprietor and Manager.
WILEY HAMILTON, Amusement Director.
Open every night in the year. Smoking
Concerts, presenting a respectable, up-
to-date Vaudeville entertainment.
Matinees, Tues., Thurs. and Sat. at 2
p. m. Evening performances continuous
from 8 till 12. Admission, 25, 15 and 5c.
ja25-1t

MEETING.

NOTICE.—THERE WILL BE AN
annual meeting of the stockholders
of the ATLANTIC EXETER COAST CO-
MANY of Norfolk, Virginia, at the office
of A. W. Cornick & Co., No. 272 Main
street, Norfolk, Virginia, on the 14th day
of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., to
elect officers and transact such other
business as may properly come before
the meeting. A. W. CORNICK, President.
A. W. CORNICK, Secretary.

Norfolk, Va., January 23, 1899.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
stockholders of the

**NORFOLK AND OCEAN VIEW
RAILWAY COMPANY**

will be held at the general offices of the
company, this city, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7th, 1899,
at 1 p. m.

WALTER H. DOYLE, Secretary.

Norfolk, Va., January 23, 1899.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
stockholders of the

**NORFOLK STREET RAILROAD
COMPANY**

will be held at the general offices of the
company, this city, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7th, 1899,
at 12 m.

H. C. WHITEHEAD, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING OF
this Company will be held at the
office of D. Lowenberg, room 44 Columbia
Building, on THURSDAY, February 23,
1899, at 12:30 p. m.

**NORFOLK SHIPBUILDING AND COTTON
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.**
D. LOWENBERG, President.

ja25-1t

Frey & Armstrong

Dry Slab Wood a specialty. \$3.00 a
cord; \$1.50 half-cord, and 75c a quar-
ter-cord. Hard and Pine Wood, \$5.00 a cord.
Measure guaranteed. Yard and Office
No. 1 Walke Street. New Phone 657.
ja25-6m

PROPOSED NEW JAIL

Interviews With Leading Officials
Continued.

**Police Justice Tomlin, Chief of Police
Kizer, U. S. Clerk and Commis-
sioner Bowden, and Deputy U. S.
Marshal West, Favor It.**

The Virginian-Pilot continued yester-
day its inquiries among officials with
the view of ascertaining their views on
the proposition to build a new jail.
Police Justice Tomlin, Chief of Police
Kizer, United States Clerk and Com-
missioner Bowden and Deputy United
States Marshal West were seen. Fol-
lowing is what they said on the subject:

JUSTICE TOMLIN.
Police Justice R. W. Tomlin, when
spoken to about the matter, remarked:
"Well, really I haven't given the mat-
ter a great deal of thought and I be-
lieve I have been in the jail but once

in a year, but I can state off hand,
without any lengthy study, that we
need a new jail, and need it very badly.
The present affair is out of date, neces-
sarily overcrowded and filthy, and I
hate to have to send any one there. I
haven't given the matter enough
thought to say where the new building
should be, nor what it should be like,
but I believe a modern, up-to-date jail
is a great necessity in a city of this
size, and Norfolk hasn't anything of
the kind now, that's sure. The class of
people that infest our jail are mainly
not over clean naturally and there is
very little chance to keep clean or get
clean there, and there should be some
arrangement made by which the jail
would not be looked on by them as an
orphan asylum, where they can go and
keep warm every winter, or be sup-
ported when they are too lazy to work.
The new jail is a decided necessity."

CHIEF CHARLES G. KIZER.

of the Police Department, when asked
for his views, responded as follows:
"No one who has ever given the mat-
ter a moment's thought will deny that
an enlarged jail and station-house is
very essential. In fact, were it not for
the unusual attention given by Ser-
geant Lawler and his able corps of
assistants there would probably have
long since been serious illness among
the crowded inmates."

"Every imaginable sanitary precau-
tion has been taken, but the fact still
remains that the present building is
not large enough to accommodate the
criminal element of this city. When
the present jail was erected it was
doubtless ample to accommodate all
who were sentenced to be therein con-
fined, but now that Norfolk is a city of
65,000 or 70,000 inhabitants, it is wholly
inadequate. Mayor Johnston has fre-
quently remarked upon this fact, and I
have no doubt that he could give some
timely information concerning the need
of jail and station-house."

"The location is, of course, a very
important matter, as the new structure
should be built with a view of accom-
modating the criminal element of a city
of not less than 125,000 or 150,000."
"In my opinion it should include
police headquarters, jail reformatory
for boys, Police Justice Court, patrol
wagon house, as well as gymnasium
and reading room for officers. When
the present police station was built
was designed to accommodate about
thirty-five or forty officers. To-day it
is forced to accommodate a force in
excess of eighty men. The present sta-
tion is wholly inadequate and it is al-
most a crime to imprison a person in
the jail, owing to its over-crowded con-
dition. This state of affairs cannot be
avoided by officials of the jail, as we
all know that it is not in their power
to enlarge the building."

"Were the Councils cognizant of the
conditions that actually and of neces-
sity exist I believe they would im-
mediately take steps to correct the
same."

HON. GEORGE E. BOWDEN.

Clerk of the United States District
Court, Courts and United States
Commissioner Bowden, when asked
on the subject, and gave his opinion as
follows: "The prisoners brought up here
from the present jail complain bitter-
ly, with one accord, of the condition of
the jail. It will be remembered that all
United States prisoners, anterior to be-
ing brought before this court or before
me as commissioner, whose trial does
not occur immediately following their
arrest, and who cannot or are not al-
lowed to give bail, are committed to
this jail, as are also those criminals
sentenced to short terms of imprison-
ment. This matter of the jail's present
crowded and unsanitary condition has
frequently been called to our attention,
speaking to United States Marshal
Morgan Treat, advised the marshal to
look around and find some other place
in which to keep United States prison-
ers. Norfolk county and Portsmouth
jails were mentioned even as possible
places for such use."

"I think a new jail for Norfolk is an
absolute necessity, and that it should
not only be built at once, but also as
near the court house as possible, be-
cause the United States court house
will soon be erected much nearer than
locally than at present. I would sug-
gest, if asked, the corner opposite the
police station, or the lot directly in rear
of the present jail. Something will have
to be done soon. Of course, my opinion
is based on reports made to me of the
condition of the present structure, as
I have managed to keep out of jail
for several years past, notwithstanding
the evident desires of some of my past
friends."

DEPUTY MARSHAL WEST.

Deputy United States Marshal J. E.
West said that he knew something
about the present jail, as he had visited
it frequently while Anderson was a
prisoner there, and remarked, when
asked his opinion of it:
"I know that unless Norfolk builds
a proper jail, and that pretty soon,
the United States prisoners frequently
incarcerated there will be sent to
some other place; and other places are build-
ing jails to make bids for this very
class of prisoners. The present jail is
totally unfit for the incarceration of
any human being. The sanitary con-
ditions are something terrible. We should
now build a city jail in keeping with
our new city school buildings and
United States court house. There should
have police station, patrol building, hos-
pital, detention cells, morgue, and other
needed offices in one building. I would
suggest that the present engine house
could be remodelled to furnish room
for city hall offices, which could thus
be centralized, or a new city hall could
be erected there to advantage. Those
plans, however, are in the minds of the

Councils. The first thing needed, and
most needed, is the new jail, and that
should not be put off a moment longer
than necessary."

ABSOLUTE PROPERTY.

SOME FACTS ABOUT CRANEY ISLAND AND FORT NORFOLK.

By a prominent gentleman, long iden-
tified with the industrial development
and general welfare of Norfolk and the
surrounding country, the Virginian-Pi-
lot reporter is reminded that the Navy
Department offered to turn over Craney
Island to the army, to which it formerly
belonged, when the new magazine was
established at St. Julian's Creek.

Admiral Brown, who preceded Com-
modore Farquhar in command of the
Norfolk navy yard, took this matter up,
and at the instance of the Secretary of
the Navy, had a report on the subject
referred to the Secretary of War, who
in turn referred the matter to General
Wilson, chief engineer of the army.
General Wilson, after a thorough in-
vestigation, reported that Craney Island
was useless to the War Department.
Since this report of General Wilson's
the Navy Department has been com-
pelled to expend the money for repair-
ing, care-taking, etc., but without any benefit.

Fort Norfolk presents an analogous
case to that of Craney Island, but its
acquisition would be, in many respects,
more important to the citizens of Nor-
folk. What an attractive and conven-
ient little park it would make, for in-
stance.

It is presumed that the Government
would part with this property to the
city, since it is no longer useful for
Governmental purposes, at a nominal
price—or, since it is an unnecessary ex-
pense, perhaps without price. Doubt-
less an act of Congress would be re-
quired to make the transfer, in which
case no one knows better than Mayor John-
ston and our bright representatives how
to put the proper machinery in motion.

The Fort Norfolk property is held in
fee by the United States directly from
the original owners, and does not, we
are informed, revert to these original
owners.

A Most Singular Thing.

It is a singular fact, but none the less
true, that people who are sick or out
of health and are taking treatment
from doctors, do not know exactly what
is the matter with them. One doctor
says one thing and another doctor says
something else. Meanwhile they do not
get well. Now, why is this? Simply that
such persons have not consulted the
right doctor, have not consulted a great
specialist who, because he makes a
specialty of the treatment and cure of
chronic and lingering diseases, and be-
cause of his vast experience in treating
the class of disease like your complaint,
knows just precisely what ails you
from your symptoms, and moreover
has from his great experience the exact
knowledge of what medicines your case
requires to be cured. For instance, the
famous Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St.,
New York City, who stands at the head
of specialists in nervous and chronic
diseases, has cured thousands of cases
like yours. He, therefore, will perfect-
ly understand your disease, and if you
consult him, either personally or by
letter, he will tell or write you exactly
what your complaint is. Although Dr.
Greene has the largest practice in this
country, he gives everybody the privi-
lege of consultation with him, free of
charge, and if you will write him about
your case, you will receive, without cost
to you, the best medical advice and
counsel about your complaint, which
advice, if followed, will lead to your
cure. Dr. Greene's system of treatment
by harmless vegetable medicines is the
wonder of medical science. One of his
grand discoveries, now known and has
equally marvelous remedies for various
complaints. You want to know what
your trouble is, why not write to the
Doctor and find out?

A Norfolk Lady Entertained.

A dispatch from Emporia, dated Sat-
urday, says:

The Misses Land, at their residence,
near Durand, last night entertained a
few of their friends at a progressive
whist party. The entertainment was
complimentary to Miss Virginia Jones,
daughter of Professor William M. Jones,
of Norfolk, and was one of those
present were Messrs. W. F. Deal and
James S. Newell; Misses Maud and
Sallie and Bella Powell, Mary E. Tur-
ner, Mattie Hardens, Bertha Means;
Messrs. W. C. Weaver, A. J. Daugh-
bary, P. W. Turner, John and Robert
Chapin, M. G. Mason, E. A. Williams,
D. P. and Charles Buford.

Baptist Ministers Meeting.

The regular order at the Baptist Min-
isters' Conference yesterday morning
was the discussion of the question:
"Expansion or Imperialism, Which?"
Dr. M. B. Wharton, Hall and Owen,
and Rev. H. E. Martin participated. Dr.
Wharton repeated his now famous
poem on the Philippines.
As the conference was to dine at the
Madison as a body, the impression soon
obtained that many of them believed in
another kind of expansion.

Rev. J. W. Mitchell received one by
letter. Rev. E. E. Dudley received
three by letter. Rev. Vernon T. Anson
received one by letter. Rev. J. P. Essex,
of Carversville, received one by letter.

Proposed Eight Hour Law.

The Board of Trade Committee on
Legislation will hold a meeting to-night
to act upon the request of Central La-
bor Union that the board endorse the
bill before Congress making eight hours
a day's work on ships on the United
States being built at private yards.

It is said that the bill will be en-
dorsed.

Tax Stamp Off.

Blood Balm Co., the owners of the
famous B. B. B. Botanic Blood Balm,
for the cure of all skin and blood dis-
eases, have decided to pay the Internal
Revenue stamp tax of 20c, a dozen bot-
tles on B. B. B. instead of advancing
the price, as most manufacturers of
medicines have done. This action on
the part of the company will no doubt
add to the popularity of this famous
remedy.

Gospel Temperance Meeting.

The regular monthly Gospel temper-
ance meeting of the Woman's Christian
Temperance Union was held at Cen-
tenary M. E. Church, South, at 4 o'clock
Sunday afternoon, with Rev. W. H.
Edwards in the chair.

Rev. Dr. W. J. Young, of Epworth
Church, made a stirring address, in
which he urged the workers in this im-
portant field of labor to never grow
weary or discouraged; that the cause
was God's, and would ultimately
triumph. He thought the twentieth

century would be the time when the
United Christian churches would com-
bine against the open saloon.

"Let us not forget," said he, "when
we condemn the Turk for bathing his
sword in Armenian blood, that Chris-
tian America sends alcoholic liquors in-
to Africa and other countries to de-
stroy both the soul and bodies of those
people."

Delightful music by the choir of the
church formed a pleasing feature of the
exercises.

The meeting closed with an earnest
appeal by Mrs. R. H. Jones to every one
present, and especially to the women,
to enlist in this peaceful warfare for
right against wrong.

A collection was taken up to aid in
running the ice water fountain on Com-
mercial Place during the warm sea-
son.

FOR MRS. MAYBRICK.

**AMERICAN FRIENDS WILL MAKE
ANOTHER EFFORT FOR HER.**

(New York Herald.)

Another determined attempt is to be
made to obtain the release of Mrs.
Florence Maybrick, an American wo-
man, who has now been ten years in
an English prison, charged with mur-
dering her husband by poison.

The fight to obtain the liberty of
this woman has been long and unprece-
dented in the history of international
communications in respect to persons
convicted of capital offences. Now, af-
ter many failures, Miss Helen Den-
more, one of the chief workers in be-
half of the prisoner, has sent this let-
ter to the Herald:

It is the custom of the English Home
Office to revise long sentences in the
case of female convicts at the end of
seven, ten, fifteen and twenty years.
This present year is the tenth since
Mrs. Maybrick's conviction, and the
reply of the Home Secretary to Dr.
Clark, M. P., Mr. Davitt, M. P., and to
Mr. Dalziel, M. P., at last summer's
session of Parliament—viz., that he
(Sir Matthew White Ridley) was aware
of the strong opinion held in America
and in England as to Mrs. Maybrick's
sentence, also that she had been ade-
quately punished—has led to strong
hopes that the ten years' revision pro-
cess will result in the release of Mrs.
Maybrick, which would cause much
satisfaction in England as well as in
this country.

LETTER CAUSED HER ARREST.

The daughter married James May-
brick when she was eighteen years old.
That was eighteen years ago. She
was prominent in Liverpool society. The husband died
about ten years after their marriage,
and a letter which Mrs. Maybrick had
told a nurse to mail, and which the
nurse read, led to the wife's arrest. It
was addressed to "A. Brierly, Esq.,
Huskisson street, Liverpool." The man
was addressed as "Darling." The sig-
nature was "Florence." The letter con-
tained these sentences, referring pre-
sumably to Maybrick:
"I cannot answer your letter fully to-
day, but I will relieve your mind of
all fear of discovery now or in the fu-
ture. He has been delicious since Sun-
day, and I know he is innocent of
everything. You need not, therefore,
go abroad on this ground, dearest, but
in any case don't leave England until
I have seen you once again."

The nurse gave the letter to a bro-
ther of Maybrick. The autopsy proved
that death was due to arsenical poi-
soning. Although the evidence was gen-
erally considered insufficient, Mrs.
Maybrick was found guilty. Many
prominent Americans have taken part
in the movement for her release.

**TO MAKE ANOTHER STRONG EF-
FORT.**

"The friends of Mrs. Maybrick," Mrs.
Denmore said, "are making another
strong effort with the British Home
Secretary for her release, and it is im-
portant that the people of England
should feel that American takes a great
interest in her unhappy fate."

It was in May, 1889, that Mrs. May-
brick was arrested for the murder of
her husband, charged with having ad-
ministered arsenic to him while pre-
tending to give him medicine. She was
arrested and sentenced to be hanged. There
was an outcry over that, and later in
the year the death sentence was com-
muted to imprisonment for life.

Immediately after Americans began to
make efforts to obtain the release of
Mrs. Maybrick or a lessening of sen-
tence. Thus far all attempts have
failed.

Either Mrs. Maybrick is an injured
innocent or she cunningly poisoned her
husband in cold blood. The British
courts have held to the opinion that she
was guilty, and that she was lucky in
having had her life spared because of
her sex.

Mrs. Maybrick's mother was Carrie
E. Holbrook, of this city, and her fa-
ther, William S. Chandler, son of a well-
known lawyer in Mobile, Ala. Chan-
dler died soon after the war, and his
death caused some gossip. His widow
married Captain Du Barry. He set out
for Europe as an agent of the Confed-
erate government. He, too, died sud-
denly. Mrs. Du Barry then married
Baron von Roque.

Now that you have seen our expert
watch-maker's tools, you must know
that we are fully prepared to do in
workman-like manner all complicated
work on fine watches and chronom-
eters. If others have failed on your watch
bring it to us and we will please you.
Our watch-maker is progressive and
up-to-date. The Gale Jewelry Co.

Check Flasher Arrested.

John W. Jenkins, a white man from
North Carolina, was arrested yesterday
evening by Detectives Hoppel and
West, charged with check flashing and
flim-flamming, alias passing forged pa-
pers. He was locked up, and will have
a hearing in the Police Court this morn-
ing.

Jenkins presented a \$200.75 bill of
lading to Messrs. White & Bro., who have
him \$50.75 in currency and a check for
\$125 for the bill-lading. Jenkins then
tried to pass White & Bro.'s check on
Burk & Co., who inquired into the mat-
ter, and Messrs. White & Bro., having
their suspicions aroused, notified the
police, with the result that the man
was arrested.

Be sure you are right, then go to New
York Dental Rooms to have teeth ex-
tracted. No pain. Newest Discovery.
N. Y. Dental Rooms ONLY, 224 Main
street, corner Talbot. Ennes.

A Quiet Evening Marriage.

Mr. C. W. Cramme, of Richmond, and
Miss Susie E. Wilkins, of Norfolk, were
quietly married by Rev. Dr. J. J. Hall
in the study of the Park Avenue Bapt-
ist Church at 8 o'clock last night. The
bride is a very popular young lady.
The groom is manager for Wilkins &
Co., painters and decorators. They
will reside at the home of the bride's
mother, 133 Maple avenue.

NORFOLK A HEALTHY CITY

Official Report Shows it to Be One
of the Healthiest in the U. S.

**Few Deaths in December From Con-
tagious Diseases of Any Kind—
Mortuary Report From the Regis-
ter of Vital Statistics.**

Dr. C. F. Newbill, Registrar of Vital
Statistics, makes a report for the month
of December, 1898, which shows that
Norfolk is one of the healthiest cities
in the United States.

Out of a population of 65,813 the mor-
tality from all causes was only 39
whites and 44 colored, a total of 83.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.
A comparison of the figures of Decem-
ber for the last four years will be
of interest. It follows:

	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.
Whites	26	39	27	39
Colored	45	54	39	44
Total	71	93	66	83

These figures show that the death
rate was greater than in 1897, but not
as great by ten as in 1896.

WHO THEY WERE.
The nativity of the white persons
who died is thus given by the Regis-
trar: Norfolk, 15; from Virginia, out-
side of Norfolk, 13; other States, 5;
Great Britain, 4; other foreign coun-
tries, 2. Total, 39.

Colored persons: Norfolk, 17; from
Virginia, outside of Norfolk, 16; other
States, 10; foreign countries, 1. Total, 44.

SOCIAL RELATIONS.

Whites: Married, 8 males, 5 females;
unmarried, 14 males, 4 females; wid-
ows, 4; widowers, 4.